PATENT SPECIFICATION

(21) Application No. 17020/75 (22) Filed 24 April 1975 (23) Complete Specification filed 22 April 1976

(44) Complete Specification published 26 April 1978

(51) INT. CL.* B65D 31/02

(52) Index at acceptance B8K 2G5 2K3 2M BC

(72) Inventor MICHAEL HENRY INCLEDON KIDWELL

(54) PACK

BOWATER PACKAGING LIMITED, a British company, of Bowater House, Knightsbridge, London, SW1X 7LR, do hereby declare the invention, for which 5 we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:-

This invention relates to a pack or 10 pouch formed of two superimposed sheets of material with a gusset in the base, and which is capable of standing up on its own. The pack is normally formed, filled and closed on one machine in a sub-time that the state of the state of the state of the best performed by means of a heat sealing

operation. The pack can be used for pack-aging many different products but is particularly suitable for fluid products and 20 in particular powders and liquids. For dis-

play purposes, the pack can be stood on one end by opening out the base, this being possible because of the presence of the gusset.

Pouches or packs of the above description are well known and one particular type of pack already on the market is for-med from two triple laminated sheets, the outer lamination being of a particular

30 grade of orientated polypropylene, the sandwiched layer being of foil and the inner layer being of polythene. By providing a polythene inner layer foodstuffs can

be packaged within the pack and when the 35 two triple laminated sheets are super-imposed with a gusset arranged in the base, sealing can be achieved by a polythene to polythene heat seal around the

two side and top edge regions, except in 40 the region of the gusset where a triple seal is performed, the outer seals being poly-thene to polythene and the inner seal being polypropylene to polypropylene. Such packs are very satisfactory but unfor-45 tunately the triple laminated sheet material

is very expensive. The object of the present invention is to provide a stand up pouch or pack of the general type described above which is cheap to produce and which incorporates a 50 paper layer or other non-heat-sealable layer in each sheet.

According to the present invention we provide a blank for the formation of a pack of the stand-up type formed of two 55 superimposed panels of laminated material folded to provide a gusset at one end, scaled side edges and an opening at its op-

posite end, the blank comprising an clongate sheet of laminated material having an 60 outer layer of paper or other non-heat-scalable material and an inner layer of heat scalable material, the sheet being for-med with a plurality of parallel transverse fold lines at the central region thereof 65 about which said sheet can be folded to form said gusset, and having a strip of heat scalable adhesive at both edge areas of said blank on the layer of paper or other non-heat-sealable material extending 70

between the outer ones of said fold lines. Preferably the adhesive is of the hotmelt type. The heat-scalable layers may be poly-

ethylene. Preferably, the layer of non-heat-sealable material is paper which carries printing, in which case, the heat sealable adhesive can

be applied to the side edge regions of the blank during the printing operation. Also according to the present invention, we provide a method for the manufacture of a pack of the stand-up type from a sheet of laminated material having one layer or face thereof formed of paper or 85 other non-heat-scalable material, and the other face of a heat-scalable plastics material, said method comprising applying to selected central edge areas of the nonheat-sealable material, a heat sealable ad- 90

00/22/2002 FACT Managers 4 02 0002

hesive, folding the sheet with the heatsealable plastics layer innermost to form a pack with front and rear panels connected at their bottom end by a gusset formed of 5 the material between said central edge

areas and open at the other end, and heat sealing the side edges of the pack and gusset, to partly close the pack.

One embodiment of the present in-10 vention is now described with reference to the drawings accompanying the provisional

specification, in which:

FIGURE 1 is a perspective view of a laminated sheet of material for forming

15 into a stand-up pack; FIGURE 2 is a perspective view showing the sheet folded into a position ready for filling and closing, and FIGURE 3 is an end perspective view of

20 the completed pack showing the gussetted base opened out to enable the pack to be stood on that end.

Referring now to the drawings, the pack s formed of a laminated sheet of material 25 including a layer of paper or a layer of material having a paper outer surface 1 and a layer of heat-sealable material or a layer of material provided with a heatsealable inner surface 3, for example of

30 polythene. Parallel transverse fold lines 5, 7 and 9 are made in the sheet to define a pair of gusset panels 11 and 13 connected respectively to the side wall panels proper 15 and 17 of the pack.

The next step in the manufacture of the

pack is to fold the sheet as shown in Figure 2 to provide a bottom end with a gusset and an open or top end as can be seen. Since the heat-scalable face or sheet 40 is on the inside it is a simple matter to

close the pack by applying heat and pressure In order to identify or advertise the

product to be packed within the pack at 45 least one of the paper surfaces of the side walls 15 or 17 may bear printed matter and after the printing operation the "blank" of Figure 1 is folded into the posi-

tion shown in Figure 2 ready for filling and 50 closing with the heat scalable surfaces innermost. The heat scalable surface is preferably a polythene sheet laminated to the paper I thereby providing a waterproof surface to the paper. Furthermore, food-55 stuffs can be packed in contact with poly-

So that the filled and closed pack can be stood on its end, it is necessary for the side edge regions of the gusset panels 11 60 and 13 to be connected together in the manner shown in Figure 3. achieved by applying a heat sealable adhesive 19 to edge regions of the gusset panels 11, 13 so that sealing both of the 65 gussetted and non-gusset side edge regions

time, e.g. by a single pass through a heat sealing machine, for example spaced pairs of co-operating hot rollers. The heat sealable adhesive 19 can be applied in 70 many different ways but we prefer to apply it during the printing operation. It will thus be appreciated that once the pack has been folded and filled the closing off operation is very simple, and furthermore, 75 because the outer surface is of paper, it is

of the pack may be achieved at the same

not even necessary to place a spacer device into the gusset if it is desired to form a heat seal across the base of the pack, as would be necessary if the pack has an 80 outer heat sealable layer as is customery. The advantages of the pack of the pre-

sent invention over known stand-up packs of this type are many. The preferred pack, because it is made from a laminated sheet 85 of paper and a heat sealable material such as polythene, is cheap to manufacture and because the outer layer or face is of paper it is easy to print upon. Furthermore, the problem in heat scaling the side edges of 90 the gusset panels is easily overcome by ap-plying a heat scalable adhesive during the

printing operation. It is envisaged that the pack of the pre-

sent invention could have many uses. It 95 could for example supercede existing packs for packaging powdered materials which are traditionally packed in a polythene ined inner pack within a cardboard outer box. Also, of course, the packs can be 100 used for many types of powder or granular material, for semi-liquid materials, for liquids and also of course for solids requiring such a pack. The pack would of course also be very suitable for packaging 105 "wet" tissues. Although we have only de-scribed packs made of two layer laminates, it is envisaged that the invention could be

applied to packs made of multi-layer laminates, e.g. a paper/foil/polythene 110 laminate, in which the outer layer was a paper or any other layer which would not have heat sealable characteristics. WHAT WE CLAIM IS:

A blank for the formation of a pack 115 of the stand-up type formed of two superimposed panels of laminated material folimposed paness or isminated material roi-ded to provide a gusset at one end, sealed side edges and an opening at its opposite end, the blank comprising an elongate 120 sheet of laminated material having an other of paper or other non-beat-outly of paper or other non-beat-outly of the paper of the paper of heat sealable end an an inner layer of heat sealable end and the paper of the med with a nimility of material paper.

med with a plurality of parallel transverse 125 fold lines at the central region thereof about which said sheet can be folded to form said gusset, and having a strip of heat sealable adhesive at both edge areas of said blank on the layer of paper or 130

other non-heat-sealable material extending between the outer ones of said fold lines. 2. A blank as claimed in claim 1 in which the heat-sealable adhesive is of the

5 hot-melt type.

3. A blank as claimed in either one of

claims 1 and 2 in which the laminated material comprises a layer of paper backed

by a layer of polythene.

4. A method for the manufacture of a pack of the stand-up type from a sheet of a laminated material having one layer or feet thereof formed of mare or other pon-

a laminated material having one layer or face thereof formed of paper or other nonheat-scalable material, and the other face of 15 a heat-scalable plastics material, said

method comprising applying to selected central edge areas of the non-heat-sealable material, a heat-sealable adhesive, folding the sheet with the heat-sealable

20 plastics layer innermost to form a pack with front and rear panels connected at their bottom end by a gusset formed of the material between said central edge areas and open at the other end, and heat seal- 25 ing the side edges of the pack and gusset, to partly close the pack.

5. A method as claimed in claim 4

5. A method as claimed in claim 4 wherein the pack is provided with printed matter on its outer face and in which 30 application of the adhesive to the central edge areas of the layer or face of non-heat-scalable material is performed during the

printing operation.

6. A blank for the formation of a pack 35 of the stand-up type substantially as described with reference to the drawings ac-

companying the provisional specification.
7. A method for the manufacture of a pack of the stand-up type substantially as 40 described.

For the Applicants, CARPMAELS & RANSFORD, Chartered Patent Agents, 43 Bloomsbury Square, London, WCIA 2RA.

Printed for Her Majesty's Stationery Office by The Tweeddale Press Ltd., Berwick-upon-Tweed, 1978. Published at the Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, London, WC2A 1AY, from which copies may be obtained.



